



ZHUTI CIHUIBEN

主题词汇本

ZHUTICIHUIBEN

- ☑ 主题词汇练
- ☑ 语境运用练
- ☑ 易错动词练
- ☑ 熟词生义练
- ☑ 构词法专练
- ☑ 常考短语练

英语

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Unit 1 学校生活

Part I

主题词汇分类

【动词类】

基础词汇：

1. _____ *vt.* 授予 *n.* 奖品
2. _____ *vi. & vt.* 集中(精力、注意力等); (使)调节焦距 *n.* 中心点;重点;焦点

拓展词汇：

3. _____ *vi. & vt.* 集中(注意力);聚精会神 → _____ *n.* 集中;专心;关注
4. _____ *vt. & vi.* 探索;勘探 → _____ *n.* 探测,勘探;探索 → _____ *n.* 探险者
5. _____ *vt. & vi.* 修改;修订;复习 → _____ *n.* 修订;修改;复习
6. _____ *vi.* 申请;请求 *vt.* 应用;涂(油漆、乳剂) → _____ *n.* 申请人 → _____ *n.* 申请书;申请
7. _____ *vt.* 吸引全部注意力;吸收 → _____ *adj.* 专心致志的;全神贯注的
8. _____ *vt.* 建议;推荐;介绍 → _____ *n.* 推荐;介绍
9. _____ *vt. & vi.* 论证;争辩;争论 → _____ *n.* 争论;辩论;理由;论据
10. _____ *vi. & vt.* 表演;履行;执行 → _____ *n.* 表演;演技;表现 → _____ *n.* 表演者;演员
11. _____ *vi.* 竞争;对抗 → _____ *n.* 竞争 → _____ *adj.* 竞争的;有竞争力的 → _____ *n.* 竞争者
12. _____ *vt.* 使钦佩;给……留下深刻的好印象 *vi.* 留下印象;引人注目 → _____ *n.* 印象;感想 → _____ *adj.* 令人赞叹的;令人敬佩的
13. _____ *vi. & vt.* 改进;改善 → _____ *n.* 改进
14. _____ *vt.* 奖励;奖赏;给以报酬 *n.* 回报;奖励;报酬 → _____ *adj.* 有益的;值得的;报酬高的;令人满意的

【形容词/副词类】

基础词汇：

1. forward *adv.* (also forwards) _____ *adj.* _____

2. _____ *adj.* 令人尴尬的;难对付的

拓展词汇：

3. _____ *adj.* 潜在的;可能的 *n.* 潜力;可能性 → _____ *adv.* 潜在地;可能地
4. _____ *adj.* 专业的;职业的;娴熟的,精通业务的 *n.* 专业人员;职业选手 → _____ *n.* 职业;行业 → professionally *adv.* 专业地;内行地 → _____ *n.* 教授;(大学的)讲师,教员
5. _____ *adj.* 糊涂的;迷惑的 → _____ *vt.* 使糊涂;使迷惑 → _____ *adj.* 难以理解的;不清楚的 → _____ *n.* 困惑;骚乱;混淆
6. _____ *adj.* 镇静的;沉着的 *vt.* 使平静;使镇静 → _____ *n.* 平静,安静
7. _____ *adj.* 羞愧的;惭愧的 → _____ *n.* 羞耻;羞愧;让人遗憾的事 → shameful *adj.* 可耻的 → shameless *adj.* 无耻的
8. _____ *adj.* 积极的;正面的;乐观的;肯定的 → (反义词) _____ *adj.* 消极的,否定的
9. _____ *adj.* 乐观的;乐观主义的 → _____ *adv.* 乐观地 → optimism *n.* 乐观;乐观主义 → optimist *n.* 乐观主义者
10. _____ *adj.* 悲观的;悲观主义的 → _____ *adv.* 悲观地 → pessimism *n.* 悲观;悲观主义 → pessimist *n.* 悲观主义者
11. _____ *adj.* 女(性)的;雌的 *n.* 雌性动(植)物;女子 → (反义词) _____ *adj.* 男(性)的;雄的 *n.* 雄性动(植)物;男子

【名词类】

基础词汇：

1. _____ *n.* 交换;交流 *vt.* 交换;交流;交易;兑换
2. _____ *n.* 目标;球门;射门
3. _____ *n.* 策略;策划
4. _____ *n.* 同伴;配偶;合伙人
5. _____ *n.* 公司;商行;陪伴

6. _____ *n.* 工作计划;日程安排 *vt.* 安排;预定
7. _____ *n. & vi.* 斗争;奋斗;搏斗
8. _____ *n.* 努力;艰难的尝试;尽力
9. _____ *n.* 校园;校区
10. _____ *n.* 委员会
11. _____ *n.* 学生宿舍,集体宿舍
12. _____ *n.* 协会;联合会;工会
13. _____ *n.* 讲座;讲课;教训 *vi.* (开)讲座;讲课 *vt.* 训斥
14. _____ *n.* 辩论;争论 *vt. & vi.* 辩论;争论;仔细考虑
15. _____ *n.* 话题,论题
16. _____ *n.* 内容; [pl.] 目录; (书、讲话、节目等的)主题 *adj.* 满足的
17. _____ *n.* 机会,时机
18. _____ *n.* 方式;作风
19. _____ *n.* 奖;奖励;奖品;奖金
20. freshman (especially NAmE) _____
21. kindergarten *n.* _____
22. tuition *n.* _____
23. workshop *n.* _____
24. sex *n.* _____

拓展词汇:

25. _____ *n.* 压力;要求 → _____ *vt.* 按,压;敦促 *n.* 报刊;印刷媒体;印刷所;出版社
26. _____ *n.* 压力;紧张;重音 *vt.* 强调;重读;使焦虑不安 *vi.* 焦虑不安 → _____ *adj.* 压力重的;紧张的 → _____ *adj.* 焦虑不安的
27. _____ *n.* 组织;团体;机构 → _____ *vt.* 组织;筹备;安排;组建 *vi.* 组建;成立 → _____ *n.* 组织者;筹备者
28. _____ *n.* 成就;成绩;达到 → _____ *vt.* 完成;达到
29. nationality *n.* 国籍;民族 → _____ *n.* 国家;民族;国民 → _____ *adj.* 国家的;国民的;国有的

主题词块

1. _____ (美国)高中
2. _____ (美国)初级中学
3. _____ 集中精力于
4. _____ 集中;特别关注
5. _____ 在压力下
6. _____ 申请
7. _____ 全力以赴,竭尽全力

8. _____ 作为对……的纪念
9. _____ 坚持;固守,维持
10. _____ 报名(参加课程)
11. _____ 盼望;期待
12. _____ 给……留下好印象
13. _____ 拓展视野,开阔眼界
14. _____ 取得进步

主题句型

1. _____ ?
[人教版 必修一 Welcome Unit]
要是没人跟我说话怎么办呢?
2. _____ .
[人教版 必修一 Welcome Unit]
我发现我的大多数同学和老师都很友好,而且乐于助人。
3. _____ .
[外研版 必修一 U1]
我正在看布告栏上的照片,突然听到身后有个声音。
4. _____ .

[外研版 必修一 U1]

转过身来,我看到了一位白发老人。

语境运用

① 单句填空

1. At the end of the _____ (perform), all the audience rose from their seat and gave him a big round of applause.
2. Students with lots of homework can feel very _____. In other words, having an overwhelming amount of homework can make the lives of students very _____. (stress)
3. All the students will take part in a mountain-climbing activity tomorrow, which is intended to help reduce _____ (press).
4. Given his love for adventure and _____ (explore), Henry eagerly accepted the invitation to join the expedition to the remote wilderness.
5. He was _____ (confuse) and didn't know what to do, so he just stood there.
6. His interruption ruined my _____ (concentrate) while I was trying to study for my exam.

7. My mother is a _____ (profession) editor, by whom I am deeply influenced.
8. The _____ (organise) provides support and resources for disabled individuals.
9. Volunteering at the local shelter is a _____ (reward) way to give back to the community and make a positive impact on the lives of others.
10. The employer provided a _____ (compete) salary and benefits package to attract top talent.
11. I hope my _____ (recommend) can provide some reference for you and wish you a delightful journey in China.
12. It is beyond _____ (argue) that exercise and a balanced diet are key to maintaining good health.

III 词块填空

1. I do believe that this year's music festival will surely _____ (给……留下深刻印象) you.
2. In order to finish the project on time, it is essential to _____ (集中精力于/专注于) the task in hand.
3. Every time he is in trouble, we will _____ (全力以赴) to help him.
4. I planned to _____ (申请) a scholarship to help fund my college education.
5. The temple was built _____ (为了纪念) one of our ancestors.
6. With a positive mindset and determination, I _____ (期待) the new opportunities and possibilities that lie ahead.
7. To achieve your fitness goals, it's important to _____ (坚持) a regular exercise routine.
8. Any adult can _____ (报名参加) the activity which encourages their active participation in improving health and well-being.
9. Being offered a scholarship to study abroad is an amazing opportunity to _____ (拓展视野, 开阔眼界) and immerse oneself in a new culture.
10. The medical community continues to _____ (取得进步) in the fight against cancer.

III 句型仿写

1. You'll find this activity _____ .
你会发现这次专为交换生设计的活动非常有意义。
2. He was trying to figure out how to explain this to his father _____ .
他正在试图想出如何向父亲解释这件事, 这时突然有了一个主意。
3. _____ , he saw little Jenny looking at him with eager eyes. (分词作状语)
转过身来, 他看到小珍妮正用热切的目光看着他。
4. _____ in the field? (What if)
假如你在这个领域工作了十年的岗位消失了怎么办?

Part II

主题词汇分类

【动词类】

基础词汇:

1. _____ *vt.* 获得; 赢得; 取得; 增加 *n.* 好处; 增加
2. _____ *vi. & vt.* (使) 惊慌 *n.* 惊恐; 恐慌
3. _____ *vt.* 充实; 使丰富
- 拓展词汇:
4. _____ *vi. & vt.* 调查; 研究 → _____ *n.* 调查; 研究
5. _____ *vt.* 记住, 熟记 → _____ *n.* 记忆力; 回忆; 内存 → _____ *adj.* 值得纪念的; 难忘的
6. _____ *vt.* 获得; 购得 → _____ *adj.* 获得的; 习得的 → _____ *n.* 获得; 得到
7. _____ *vt. & vi.* 登记; 注册 → _____ *n.* 登记; 注册; 挂号
8. _____ *vi. & vt.* 毕业; 获得学位 *n.* 毕业生 → _____ *n.* 毕业
9. _____ *vt. & vi.* (为……) 做广告/宣传; 登广告; 招聘 → _____ *n.* 广告; 启事 → _____ *n.* 广告(业)
10. _____ *vt.* 理解; 领会; 认识到; 意识到; 实现 → *real adj.* 真实的 → _____ *n.* 现实; 实际情况; 事实 → _____ *adv.* 真正地

【形容词类】

基础词汇：

- _____ *adj.* 中学的;次要的
- _____ *adj.* 额外的;附加的
- extra-curricular *adj.* _____

拓展词汇：

- _____ *adj.* 焦虑的;不安的 → _____ *n.* 焦虑;担心;害怕 → _____ *adv.* 焦急地;担忧地
- _____ *adj.* 恼怒的;生气的 → _____ *vt.* 使恼怒;打扰 → _____ *adj.* 令人恼火的,令人烦恼的;令人不快的 → annoyance *n.* 恼怒
- _____ *adj.* 惊吓的;害怕的 → frighten *vt.* 使惊恐 → _____ *adj.* 令人恐惧的;令人害怕的
- _____ *adj.* 好奇的;求知欲强的 → _____ *adv.* 好奇地 → _____ *n.* 好奇心
- _____ *adj.* 热切的;渴望的 → _____ *adv.* 急切地;渴望地 → _____ *n.* 渴望;殷切;热忱
- _____ *adj.* 难堪的;尴尬的 → _____ *vt.* 使尴尬;使难堪 → _____ *adj.* 让人难堪(尴尬;害羞)的 → _____ *n.* 尴尬
- _____ *adj.* 绝望的;孤注一掷的;非常需要的 → _____ *adv.* 绝望地;非常
- _____ *adj.* 正式的;正规的 → _____ *adj.* 非正式的;口语体的

【名词类】

基础词汇：

- _____ *n.* 态度,看法
- _____ *n.* 材料;布料;素材 *adj.* 物质的;实际的
- _____ *n.* 反馈的意见(或信息)
- _____ *n.* 实验
- _____ *n.* 海报;(在网络留言板上)发布消息的人
- _____ *n.* 比赛;竞赛;竞争 *vt.* 争取赢得(比赛、选举等);争辩
- _____ *n.* 主席;主持人;董事长
- _____ *n.* 候选人;应试者
- semester *n.* _____

- multimedia *n.* _____ *adj.* _____
- facility *n.* _____
- lab (laboratory) *n.* _____
- guy *n.* _____

拓展词汇：

- _____ *n.* 速度;(比)率 *vt.* 划分等级 → _____ *n.* 等级;级别
- _____ *n.* 挑战;艰巨任务 *vt.* 怀疑;向……挑战 → _____ *adj.* 具有挑战性的
- _____ *n.* 奖学金 → _____ *n.* 学者
- _____ *n.* 前进;进展 *vi.* 前进;发展 *vt.* 发展;促进 → _____ *adj.* 高级的;高等的;先进的
- _____ *n.* 举止;行为 → _____ *v.* 表现
- _____ *n.* 解决办法;答案 → _____ *vt.* 解决;解答
- _____ *n.* 设备;装备 → _____ *vt.* 配备;装备
- _____ *n.* 设计;设计方案 *vt.* 设计;筹划 → _____ *n.* 设计者
- _____ *n.* 主人;东道主;节目主持人 *vt.* 主办;主持 → _____ *n.* 女主人;女招待;女主持人
- _____ *n.* 加入;进入;参与;参赛作品 → enter *vt.* 进入 → _____ *n.* 入口;进入

主题词块

- _____ 丧失信心;泄气
- _____ 放弃;投降
- _____ 注意
- _____ 上交
- _____ 被……吸引住;专心致志
- _____ 记笔记
- _____ 充分利用,尽情享受
- _____ 情绪紧张,心里发慌
- _____ 惊慌地
- _____ 取得成功;带来好结果;还清得到回报
- _____ 追上,赶上
- _____ 不打扰;不惊动
- tuition fees _____
- flash card _____

主题句型

1. _____
_____.

[外研版 必修一 U1]

心里七上八下的,我深深地吸了一口气。

2. _____
_____!

[外研版 必修一 U1]

他自我介绍时,我太紧张了,根本没注意!

3. ... _____
_____.

[外研版 必修一 U1]

……但是老师说得太快了,我无法把所有的内容都记下来。

语境运用

① 单句填空

1. Though every place was more or less crowded with tourists, I still had a relaxing and _____ (memory) trip.

2. After _____ (graduate), I was assigned to teach physical education in a secondary school.

3. George is _____ (annoy) that it took so long for him to be told about Limpar's current ankle injury.

4. In 2013, I was determined to become Australia's first professional photo blogger. It was a _____ (challenge) job, but I did it.

5. I saw an interesting _____ (advertise) for a vacation package in a travel magazine.

6. The laboratory _____ with the most advanced _____ to facilitate scientific research. (equip)

7. I was so _____ (embarrass) that I wanted the floor to open up and consume me.

8. Watching him climb up the cliff, everybody was breathless with _____ (anxious).

9. David had never seen a more _____ (frighten) animal than this wolf, so he held his breath, not daring to move.

10. He took a deep breath, _____ (desperate) trying to keep calm.

11. The vivid poster caught the attention of passers-

by, arousing their _____ (curious) to learn more about the upcoming event.

12. Upon our arrival at home, Angela ran to the garbage for the carpet with _____ (eager) but couldn't find it.

② 词块填空

1. Although their opponents took the lead in the game at first, the students did not _____ (失去信心) and tried to _____ (追上,赶上) them.

2. He _____ (完全被吸引住) the book, losing track of time.

3. With the approaching College Entrance Examination, we have to _____ (充分利用) the time left.

4. Once they get an idea into their heads, they never _____ (放弃).

5. During the meeting, everyone was urged to _____ (注意) the speaker and actively participate in the discussion.

6. The journalist interviewed the CEO and carefully _____ (记笔记) on their responses to ensure accuracy of the article.

7. Seeing the spider crawl across the floor, Sarah screamed _____ (惊慌地) and jumped onto the nearest chair.

8. Despite facing numerous challenges, Jane's perseverance _____ (得到回报) when she successfully started her own business.

9. I had _____ (情绪紧张), since it would soon be my turn to make a speech.

10. Make sure that there are no mistakes in your papers before you _____ them _____ (上交).

③ 句型仿写

1. They showed gratitude to Kate and her fellows, _____ . (with 复合结构)
他们向凯特和她的伙伴们表示感谢,眼里闪烁着晶莹的泪花。

2. At the sight of the snake, the young girl _____ .
一看到蛇,年轻的女孩吓得动弹不得。

3. _____ she was out of breath after walking for only a few minutes.
她很虚弱,以至于走了几分钟就上气不接下气了。

Unit 2 个人、家庭及社区生活

主题词汇分类

【动词类】

基础词汇:

1. _____ *vi.* & *n.* 闲谈,聊天
2. _____ *vi.* & *vt.* (_____ , _____) 停止;戒掉;离开(工作职位、学校等)

拓展词汇:

3. _____ *vt.* (_____ , _____) 更喜欢;较喜欢 → _____ *n.* 偏爱;爱好
4. _____ *vt.* 吸引;引起……的注意(或兴趣) → _____ *adj.* 吸引人的;有吸引力的 → _____ *n.* 吸引;吸引力;吸引人的事物
5. _____ *vi.* & *vt.* (使)具备资格;(使)合格 → _____ *n.* (通过考试或学习课程取得的)资格;学历 → _____ *adj.* 有资格的;合格的;胜任的
6. _____ *vi.* 道歉;谢罪 → _____ *n.* 道歉
7. _____ *vt.* (_____ , _____) 原谅;宽恕;对不起;请原谅 → _____ *n.* 原谅,谅解
8. _____ *vt.* 钦佩;赞赏 → _____ *n.* 钦佩;羡慕 → _____ *adj.* 佩服的;称赞的 → _____ *adj.* 令人钦佩的,令人赞赏的
9. _____ *vt.* & *vi.* 评价;评判;判断 *n.* 法官;审判员;裁判员 → _____ *n.* 看法;判决;判断
10. _____ *vt.* & *vi.* 定居;结束(争论);解决(纠纷) → _____ *n.* 殖民;解决 → _____ *n.* 移民

【形容词/副词类】

基础词汇:

1. _____ *adj.* 热衷的;渴望的
2. _____ *adj.* 喜爱
3. _____ *adj.* 爱交际的;外向的
4. _____ *adj.* 坦率的;简单的
5. _____ *adj.* 全面发展的;面面俱到的
6. _____ *adj.* 温馨的;舒适的
7. _____ *adj.* 年纪较大的;上了年纪的(婉辞)
8. _____ *adj.* 双胞胎之一的;孪生之一的 *n.* 孪生之一;双胞胎之一

拓展词汇:

9. _____ *adj.* 合适的;适用的 → _____ *n.* 一套外衣;套装 *vt.* 适合;使适宜
10. _____ *adj.* 有瘾的;上瘾的;入迷的 → _____ *n.* 对……入迷的人;吸毒成瘾的人 → _____ *adj.* 使人上瘾的 → _____ *n.* 上瘾;沉溺;嗜好
11. _____ *adj.* 热情的;热心的 → _____ *n.* 热情;热心 → _____ *adv.* 热情地
12. _____ *adj.* 敏感的;善解人意的;灵敏的 → _____ *n.* 感觉;理解力 → _____ *adj.* 明智的;合理的 → _____ *adj.* 无意义的;无意识的 → _____ *adv.* 易感知地;神经过敏地
13. _____ *adj.* 温柔的;文静的 → _____ *adv.* 轻柔地;温柔地
14. _____ *adj.* 自信的;有把握的 → _____ *n.* 信心;信任
15. _____ *adj.* 负责的;负有责任的 → _____ *adv.* 负责地 → _____ *n.* 责任;义务
16. _____ *adj.* 可靠的;可信赖的 → *rely v.* 依赖;依靠 → _____ *n.* 依赖;依靠;信任
17. _____ *adj.* 慷慨的;大方的;丰富的 → _____ *n.* 慷慨,大方
18. _____ *adj.* 独立的;自立的 → _____ *adv.* 自立地;独立地 → _____ *n.* 独立 → _____ *v.* 依赖,依靠 → _____ *adj.* 依赖的
19. _____ *adj.* 些许的;谦虚的;朴素的 → _____ *adv.* 谨慎地;适当地 → _____ *n.* 谦逊;质朴;庄重
20. _____ *adj.* 谦逊的;虚心的;卑微的 → _____ *adv.* 谦逊地;卑微地
21. _____ *adj.* 贪婪的;贪心的 → *greed n.* 贪婪;贪心 → _____ *adv.* 贪婪地;贪食地
22. _____ *adj.* (尤指外语)流利的;熟练的 → _____ *adv.* 流利地 → _____ *n.* 流利
23. _____ *adj.* 有智慧的;聪明的;有智力的 → _____ *n.* 智力;聪明;智能

24. _____ *adj.* (增长、下跌等)急剧的; 锋利的; 明显的 → _____ *adv.* 尖刻地; 严厉地; 猛烈地 → _____ *vt.* (使)变得锋利, 变得清晰

25. _____ *adj.* 有能力的; 有才能的 → _____ *adj.* 没有能力的 → capacity *n.* 容量; 能力

26. _____ *adj.* 十几岁的(指 13 至 19 岁); 青少年的 → _____ *n.* (13 至 19 岁之间的)青少年

27. _____ *adv.* 事实上; 的确 → _____ *adj.* 真实的; 实际的

28. _____ *adv.* 显然; 明显地 → _____ *adj.* 明显的

【名词类】

基础词汇:

- _____ *n.* 文学; 文学作品
- _____ *n.* 冒险; 奇遇
- _____ *n.* 书法; 书法艺术
- _____ *n.* 文字; 符号; 角色; 品质; 特点
- _____ *n.* 特征; 特点; 品质 *adj.* 典型的; 独特的
- _____ *n.* 质量; 品质; 素质; 特征 *adj.* 优质的; 高质量的
- _____ *n.* 专家; 行家 *adj.* 熟练的; 内行的; 专家的
- _____ *n.* 技能; 技术; 技艺
- _____ *n.* 成年人 *adj.* 成年的; 成熟的
- youth *n.* _____
- _____ *n.* 一代(人)
- _____ *n.* 间隔; 开口; 差距
- _____ *n.* 洗澡; (BrE = bathtub) 浴缸; 浴盆 *vt.* (NAme = bathe) 给……洗澡
- _____ *n.* 地毯
- _____ *n.* 橱柜; 壁橱; 衣柜
- _____ *n.* 火炉; 厨灶
- _____ *n.* 毯子 *vt.* 以厚层覆盖
- _____ *n.* 家具
- _____ *n.* 社区
- _____ *n.* 居民; (美国的)住院实习医生 *adj.* (在某地)居住的
- _____ *n.* 食品杂货店: [pl.] 食品杂货
- _____ *n.* 居住区; 街区; 附近
- _____ *n.* (书、诗歌等的)名称; 标题; 职称; 头衔

24. ballet *n.* _____

25. aptitude *n.* _____

26. niece *n.* _____

27. nephew *n.* _____

28. cousin *n.* _____

29. bathtub *n.* _____

拓展词汇:

30. _____ *n.* 摄影 → photograph *n.* 照片 → _____ *n.* 摄影师; 拍照者

31. _____ *n.* 性格; 个性 → _____ *adj.* 个人的, 私人的; 身体的

32. _____ *n.* 追求的目标; 夙愿; 野心; 抱负 → _____ *adj.* 有野心的; 有雄心的

33. _____ *n.* 同情; 赞同 → _____ *adj.* 同情的; 有同情心的; 赞同的

34. _____ *n.* 能力; 胜任; 本领 → _____ *adj.* 有能力的; 称职的

35. _____ *n.* 同等的人; 相等物 *adj.* 相同的; 同样的 → _____ *n.* 平等; 相等 → _____ *adv.* 同样地; 相等地; 公平地

36. _____ *n.* 经验; 经历 → _____ *adj.* 有经验的; 熟练的

37. _____ *n.* 智慧; 才智 → _____ *adj.* 聪明的, 有智慧的 → _____ *adj.* 不明智的

38. _____ *n.* 天才; 天资; 天赋 → _____ *adj.* 有才能的; 天才的

39. _____ *n.* 礼物; 天赋; 赠品 → _____ *adj.* 有天赋的; 有天才的; 天资聪慧的

40. _____ *n.* 熟练; 娴熟; 精通 → _____ *adj.* 熟练的

41. _____ *n.* & *vt.* 尊敬; 尊重 → _____ *adj.* 表示敬意的; 尊敬的 → _____ *adj.* 可敬的, 体面的

42. _____ *n.* 紧张关系; 紧张; 焦虑 → tense *adj.* 紧张的

43. _____ *n.* 愤怒; 怒气 *vt.* 使生气; 激怒 → _____ *adj.* 生气的 → _____ *adv.* 愤怒地

44. _____ *n.* 志愿者 *vt.* & *vi.* 自愿做 → _____ *adj.* 自愿的; 自愿的

主题词块

- _____ 喜欢……多于……
- _____ 对……适合的

3. _____ 喜爱
4. _____ 对……很入迷
5. _____ 热衷于
6. _____ 喜爱; 喜欢
7. _____ 爱上
8. _____ 对……负责
9. _____ 使失望, 辜负
10. _____ 打扫(或清除)干净

主题句型

1. _____
_____. [人教版 必修一 U1]

从初中过渡到高中真的是一个巨大的挑战。

2. But spending too much time online is unhealthy and _____
_____ other things in life. [人教版 必修一 U1]

然而, 花费太多时间上网有损健康, 也会让你们很难专注于生活中的其他事情。

3. You just assume I want to be a lawyer, _____
_____. [外研版 必修一 U3]

您以为我想做律师, 可那只是因为您自己是律师。

4. _____ you with others
all the time. [译林牛津版 必修一 U2]

一直把你和别人做比较是没有意义的。

5. _____, we always knew we
still had the Bank _____. [译林牛津版 必修一 U2]

无论发生什么事, 我们总是知道我们还有“银行”可以依靠。

语境运用

① 单句填空

1. She has a _____ (prefer) for cafes with a relaxed atmosphere, where she can enjoy a cup of coffee.
2. Most of us fail in our efforts at self-improvement because our plans are too _____ (ambition) and we never have time to carry them out.
3. As an _____ (independence) adult, he took his duty to care for his elderly parents, ensuring their well-being as they grew older.
4. Taking care of the environment is a shared _____ (responsible) that requires the collective efforts of every individual.
5. He is a _____ (talent) musician, able to

play multiple instruments and compose beautiful melodies.

6. The company requires candidates to have a relevant _____ (qualify) from a recognized institute.

7. She has won the _____ (admire) of many people in her battle against cancer.

8. The thief _____ (greedy) pocketed the stolen jewels and made a quick getaway.

9. She is a highly _____ (capacity) leader who knows how to motivate and inspire her team.

10. A workman must have his tools _____ (sharp) if he is to do his work well.

11. Jim exploded with _____ (angry) when he heard how Mary had been treated.

12. He always makes wise decisions, which shows that he has great _____. But I think it was very _____ for him to refuse such a good offer this time. (wise)

② 词块填空

1. Due to his straightforward nature, he _____
_____ (对……适合的) the job as he can deliver information clearly and honestly.
2. Jack was a 19-year-old college student, who _____ (对……很入迷) the gym.
3. From an early age, she developed a passion for music and _____ (爱上) it, which created a profound impact on her life.
4. My sister _____ (负责) tending to our pet cat, making sure it has enough food and water every day.
5. My grandmother _____ (喜爱; 喜欢) gardening and takes great pride in tending to her beautiful flower beds.
6. There is nothing worse than to be _____ (使失望, 辜负) by others because they have not kept their promises.
7. The Great Wall has always been an attraction for those who _____ (热衷于) anything that is related to China.
8. It is natural for people to _____ (喜爱) beautiful things.
9. Most old people _____ the countryside life _____ (喜欢……多于……) the city life.

10. To their credit, some volunteers in our community _____ (打扫清除干净) the central park last weekend.

III 句型仿写

1. _____ taught him to practise harder and never give up. (*v.-ing* 作主语)
比赛失败教会了他要更努力地练习和永不放弃。

2. He was a kid with inborn disorder _____ .
(make it *adj.* to do sth)

他是一个患有先天性疾病的孩子,这使得他很难控制他的焦虑。

3. If they don't fit, _____ . (There is no point...)

如果你穿上不合适,就没有必要浪费钱买。

4. _____ , we should accept it with a smile, because we have tried our best.

无论结果怎样,我们都要微笑着接受,因为我们已经尽了全力。

Unit 3 健康生活

Part I

主题词汇分类

【动词类】

基础词汇:

- _____ *vi.* & *vt.* 推迟;延期(做某事)
vt. 耽误,耽搁 *n.* 延误,耽搁(的时间),推迟
- _____ *vt.* 促进;促使;使便利
- _____ *vt.* 提高;增强;增进
- _____ *vi.* & *n.* 疼痛
- _____ *vi.* 昏倒;晕厥 *adj.* 不清楚的;微弱的
- _____ *vi.* 滑倒;滑落;溜走 *n.* 滑倒;疏漏;纸条
- _____ *vt.* & *vi.* 支配;控制;占有优势

拓展词汇:

- _____ *vt.* 打扰;搅乱;使烦恼 → _____ *adj.* 烦恼的 → _____ *adj.* 引起烦恼的;令人不安的 → _____ *n.* 打扰
- _____ *vi.* & *vt.* 打断;打扰 *vt.* 使暂停;使中断 → _____ *n.* 打断;打扰
- _____ *vt.* 激发;促进;刺激 → _____ *adj.* 激励人的
- _____ *vt.* 使恢复精力;使凉爽;刷新 → _____ *adj.* 令人振奋的 → _____ *adj.* 清爽的;精神振作的 → _____ *n.* 焕发精神,恢复;饮料
- _____ *vi.*, *vt.* & *n.* 剃(须发);刮脸 → _____ *n.* 电动剃须刀
- _____ *v.* 依赖;依靠 → _____ *adj.* 可靠的;可信赖的 → _____ *n.* 依赖;依靠;信任

【形容词/副词类】

基础词汇:

- _____ *adj.* 苗条的;单薄的
- _____ *adv.* & *adj.* 每月;每月一次的 *n.* 月刊
- dynamic adj.* _____

拓展词汇:

- _____ *adj.* 含糖的;甜的 → *sugar n.* 糖
- _____ *adj.* 充满活力的;精力充沛的;积极的 → _____ *n.* 能源;能量;精力
- _____ *adj.* 身体的;客观存在的;物理学的 → _____ *adv.* 根本上;身体上 → _____ *n.* 物理学 → _____ *n.* 物理学家 → *physician n.* _____
- _____ *adj.* 精神的;思想的 → _____ *adv.* 精神上地
- _____ *adj.* 松的;未系紧的;宽松的 → _____ *adv.* 松散地;粗略地 → _____ *vi.* & *vt.* 使变松

【名词类】

基础词汇:

- _____ *n.* 香烟;卷烟
- _____ *n.* 毒品;药物
- _____ *n.* 滥用;虐待;辱骂 *vt.* 滥用;虐待;辱骂
- _____ *n.* 自制力;纪律;学科 *vt.* 自我控制;管教;处罚
- _____ *n.* 胡须;络腮胡子
- _____ *n.* 幸福;福祉;安康;福利
- _____ *n.* (疾)病
- _____ *n.* 癌;癌症;毒瘤
- _____ *n.* 咽喉;喉咙
- tobacco n.* _____

易错动词练 1

1. At last, his years of hard work paid off and he _____ (admit) to Beijing University.
2. He wrote a letter to me, _____ (admit) that he had misunderstood me.
3. He was beginning to get very _____ (annoy) with me about my carelessness.
4. The man _____ (apply) for the post of signalman on the railway, but was turned down as he was colour-blind.
5. Some learning difficulties _____ (arise) from the way children were taught at school.
6. Problems _____ (arise) over plans to build a new supermarket here since last year.
7. It was midday when she _____ (awake).
8. They signed agreements _____ (ban) the use of chemical weapons.
9. She _____ (ban) from athletics for two years after failing a drug test.
10. The letter _____ (bear) no signature, which puzzled her.
11. He wanted \$ 8,000 for the car but I _____ (beat) him down to \$ 6,000.
12. Although he _____ (beat) in his first race, I was thrilled with his performance.
13. Slowly my eyes _____ (become) accustomed to the darkness and soon I fell asleep.
14. Suddenly, she _____ (begin) to feel a sense of panic when the fire broke out.
15. No sooner had the performance _____ (begin) than the lights went out, leaving the audience in the dark.
16. Before _____ (begin) to do our homework, we had listened to the radio for half an hour.
17. He _____ (bend) towards me and whispered in my ear.
18. She _____ (bet) all her money on a horse that came last.
19. The dog _____ (bite) him and made his hand bleed.
20. One of his arms _____ (bite) off by an alligator last year.
21. A truck went by and _____ (blow) its horn at her.
22. He had his chance of success _____ (blow) because of carelessness.
23. He _____ (break) his promise and there wasn't a thing we could do about it.
24. The gate was wide open when he got home—someone must _____ (break) into his house.
25. I was deeply impressed with the changes _____ (bring) about by the project.
26. There are three cash machines _____ (build) into the wall.
27. Over the centuries, the city of Pompeii, _____ (bury) under the ashes, was entirely forgotten by the world.
28. Bill _____ (buy) his wife a valuable birthday present last month, a ring decorated with jewels.
29. When I looked at her, she _____ (cast) a welcoming smile in my direction.
30. In order not to _____ (catch) in the heavy traffic, Daddy went to work half an hour earlier than usual that morning.
31. I was having fun _____ (chat) online with my friend last night when suddenly the electricity was cut off.
32. He _____ (choose) his words carefully as he spoke.
33. The winner _____ (choose) out of thousands of people who sent their photos to the judges.
34. Mandy laughed and _____ (clap) her hands in delight.
35. Now he works in a huge company _____ (control) half of the world's coffee trade.

易错动词练 2

1. The traffic lights in this town _____ (control) by a central computer.
2. This is a design _____ (copy) from the 18th-century wallpaper.
3. The repairs to our car _____ (cost) much more than we were expecting.
4. She _____ (cry) out in pain when her tooth was pulled out.
5. Isn't it about time that you got your hair _____ (cut)?
6. I really hope the problem _____ (deal) with as soon as possible.
7. The flight _____ (delay) because of fog, and consequently, he didn't make it to his best friend's wedding in time.
8. In 1906 an earthquake _____ (destroy) much of San Francisco.
9. He _____ (dial), and spoke briefly to the duty officer.
10. They _____ (dig) deeper and deeper but still found nothing.
11. She _____ (dip) into her purse and took out some coins.
12. He came in, _____ (drag) his three children behind him.
13. Maria grew anxious as the men _____ (draw) closer.
14. Finally, my eyes _____ (draw) to a painting on the wall.
15. He never _____ (dream) that one day he would become president.
16. Sorry, I _____ (drink) far too much last night.
17. His only way of dealing with his problems was to go out and get _____ (drink).
18. I _____ (drive) into town and went to a restaurant for dinner.
19. The man received a ticket for speeding on his way home yesterday. He shouldn't _____ (drive) that fast.
20. His voice _____ (drop) to a whisper. It became difficult for me to hear him.
21. Barton did not feel very hungry and just _____ (eat) a little.
22. In many cultures, round foods such as grapes, bread, and mooncakes _____ (eat) at welcome celebrations to represent family unity.
23. For the past three years he _____ (employ) as a firefighter.
24. He _____ (envy) her—she seemed to have everything she could possibly want.
25. They spent a lot of money _____ (equip) the school with new computers.
26. _____ (equip) with necessary knowledge and skills, the young man went to the job market with much confidence.
27. Albert _____ (fall) silent and turned his attention to his food.
28. We heard a splash and then saw that Toni _____ (fall) in the river.
29. It is a relief to see the children well _____ (feed) in the nursery.
30. When his dad left, he _____ (feel) as though his world had turned upside down.
31. I didn't get on with her at work either—we _____ (fight) like cat and dog.
32. She tried to concentrate, but _____ (find) her mind drifting back to Alex.
33. The guests watched as she _____ (flee) from the room.
34. After the accident occurred, the injured boy _____ (fly) by air ambulance to the Royal London Hospital.
35. Ellen _____ (fly) across the room and greeted her uncle with a kiss.
36. He got angry and _____ (forbid) them from mentioning the subject again.
37. They believed that it would be better for everyone if cars _____ (forbid) in the city centre.
38. The project cost much more than originally _____ (forecast).

构词法 1

前缀 en- 表示“使”、“使成为”、“使处于……状态”

指出下列黑体词的含义

- [2023·新高考全国 I 卷] *Xiao long bao* (soup dumplings), those amazing constructions of delicate dumpling wrappers **encasing** hot, tasty soup and sweet, fresh meat, are far and away my favourite Chinese street food. _____
- It is Anne that **enlightens** Helen and brings a broad world to her. _____
- “Her name is Gracie,” my husband said, reading a sign by the fence that **enclosed** the pool. _____
- [2023·北京卷] Nevertheless, not much will change until schools with high-quality teaching are rewarded with more resources, higher rankings and increased **enrolments**. _____
- Sunzi was a general, military strategist and thinker in the Spring and Autumn Period, whose ingenious military strategies were recorded in a book **entitled** *Sunzi Bingfa*. _____

构词法 2

前缀 dis- 表示“否定”、“相反”;dis-还有“分开,分离”的意思

指出下列黑体词的含义

- [2023·新高考全国 I 卷改编] The author's attitude towards Navajas' studies is **dismissive**. _____
- [2021·全国乙卷] On her day of **discharge**, we shared in her delight at her recovery. _____
- [2020·全国新高考 I 卷] Follow all rules carefully to prevent **disqualification**. _____
- [2020·天津卷] We will probably have to force ourselves to waken our curiosity and **discontent** and keep them awake. _____
- [2022·全国甲卷] I was unwilling to talk with him and often **disobeyed** his rule of not staying out with my friends too late. _____

构词法 3

否定前缀 im-/in-/il-/ir- 表示“非,不,无”

指出下列黑体词的含义

- [2023·新高考全国 I 卷] In part one, I describe the philosophical foundations of digital minimalism, starting with an examination of the forces that are making so

many people's digital lives increasingly **intolerable**, before moving on to a detailed discussion of the digital minimalism philosophy. _____

- [2023·北京卷] The **inability** to engage with longer-term causes and consequences leads to some of the world's most serious problems: climate change, biodiversity collapse, and more. _____
- [2023·浙江 1 月考] Indeed, to a computer, meaning is **irrelevant**... But for humans, meaning is everything. _____
- [2018·浙江卷] Novels, for the most part, were looked upon as silly, **immoral** or just plain bad. _____
- She may think your reaction is crazy or **illogical**, but she cannot deny what you are feeling. _____

构词法 4

否定前缀 un- 表示“不”、“非”、“使丧失”、“未”等

指出下列黑体词的含义

- [2023·新高考全国 II 卷] The flight was **uneventful**, and Tiffy was a great passenger. _____
- [2023·全国乙卷] Indoor plants might look as if they just sit around not doing much, but in many ways they are the **unsung** heroes of the home. _____
- [2023·新高考全国 II 卷改编] The impact of the programme is **unidentifiable**. _____
- [2021·全国甲卷] When contributions were made by geniuses outside the club—women, or people of a different colour or belief—they were **unacknowledged** and rejected by others. _____
- [2019·全国卷 II] After a serious flu outbreak wipes out 99.4% of the world's population, a battle **unfolds** between good and evil among those left. _____

构词法 5

前缀 mis- 表示“坏”、“错误”

指出下列黑体词的含义

- [2023·全国甲卷] But when we looked at the tomatoes, we were worried because they were so **misshapen**: not at all like the nice, round, shiny things you get in a supermarket. _____

2. [2023·全国乙卷] In addition to the problem of **miscomprehension** from both sides, there are victories accidentally or deliberately twisted, especially when only the victors know how to write.

3. [2022·新高考全国 I 卷改编] Kevin's concern about the dog is that they may **misbehave**.

4. [2019·江苏卷] It would not matter if these **misjudgements** were just a matter of people's opinions. However, they have real impacts, as they result in **misguided** use of scarce resources.

5. [2019·天津卷] Would you BET on the future of this man? He is 53 years old. Most of his adult life has been a losing struggle against debt and **misfortune**.

构词法 6 前缀 de-表示“降低,除去”

指出下列黑体词的含义

1. The Himalayan red panda is the rarer of the two. Major threats to red pandas include **deforestation** and habitat loss.

2. Failures are unavoidable. By learning to face the disappointment instead of **devaluing** its importance and pretending nothing happened, you may find it easier to achieve your goals.

3. Dry land ecosystems cover about 40% of land on earth and support more than 2 billion people, and, once **degraded**, they are difficult to restore.

4. Be very careful, because your words have **destructive** power too.

5. A few days later, when Sara was hesitating about **declining** the offer, her high school principal, Mr Salim, called her to his office.

构词法 7 前缀 over-表示“上面”、“过度”等

指出下列黑体词的含义

1. [2023·新高考全国 I 卷] Some people will tend to **overestimate**, and some to underestimate.

2. [2023·新高考全国 II 卷改编] At the beginning of the text the author describes that many cities are **overpopulated**.

3. [2023·北京卷] I was equally shocked—and **overjoyed**—when she invited me to talk with her

about potential projects I could pursue in her lab.

4. [2022·全国乙卷] To perform these tasks, drones for rail don't need to be flying **overhead**.

5. [2019·全国卷 III] “China is impossible to **overlook**,” says Hill. “... which means Chinese women are not just consumers of fashion—they are central to its movement.”

6. So live big and try to let your courage **overweigh** your fear.

构词法 8 前缀 re-表示“重复”、“再”、“对立”

指出下列黑体词的含义

1. [2023·全国甲卷] Eric Weiner's *The Socrates Express: In Search of Life Lessons from Dead Philosophers* **reawakened** my love for philosophy.

2. [2023·全国乙卷] If we want to **reconstruct** what was actually going on that day, the shield must be questioned and interpreted as deeply and strictly as the written reports.

3. [2022·新高考全国 II 卷] After you have **revised** your draft until it is too messy to work from anymore, you can enter your changes into your word processor.

4. [2021·新高考全国 I 卷] The popularization of emotional intelligence has helped both the public and researchers **re-evaluate** the functionality of emotions and how they serve people adaptively in everyday life.

5. [2020·江苏卷] As Inglis and, later other businessmen, got to work, **repurposed** phone boxes began **reappearing** in cities and villages as people found new uses for them.

构词法 9 前缀 pre-表示“前”、“比……早”

指出下列黑体词的含义

1. [2023·浙江 1 月考] Brilliant though it is, Project Debater has some weaknesses. It takes sentences from its library of documents and **prebuilt** arguments and strings them together.

2. [2022·全国甲卷] I remember the first time I saw a humpback whale; it just rose out of the water like some **prehistoric** creature and I thought it was smiling at us.

熟词生义练 1

指出下列黑体词在句中的不同含义

1. absent

①[2022·新高考全国I卷] His usual big toothy smile was **absent** today. _____

② When I spoke to him, he looked at me in an **absent** way and didn't answer. _____

2. access

①[2021·全国甲卷] We **accessed** the wall through the South Gate. _____

② The emergency exit provides a safe **access** for people during a fire. _____

③ This volunteer activity offers students valuable **access** to industry professionals. _____

3. address

①[2023·北京卷] She called for action to **address** the struggles of people around the world facing "too little water or too dirty water". _____

②[2022·全国乙卷] The chairman of the China Culture Promotion Society **addressed** the opening ceremony. _____

③[外研选修一] The event will begin at Williams Sports Centre at 6 pm with a welcome **address** followed by awards ceremony, with the evening closing at 8 pm. _____

④ I gave in to curiosity and opened the letter **addressed** to him. _____

4. admission

① By his own **admission**, he has achieved little since he took over the company. _____

② There's a notice outside the building that says "No **admission** before twelve noon". _____

③ How much do they charge for **admission**? _____

5. admit

①[2021·全国甲卷] "I have matured and I **admit** responsibility of my actions," he said in the letter. _____

② The narrow windows **admit** little light into the room. _____

③ The hospital **admitted** the patient immediately upon arrival due to the severity of his condition. _____

④ He was studying in the hope of being **admitted** to an engineering college. _____

6. affect

① The heartfelt speech delivered by the activist **affected** the audience, inspiring them to take action. _____

② These viruses **affect** children and are highly infectious. _____

7. against

①[2021·全国甲卷] I came across a small clearing and immediately noticed the dead yellow grasses set **against** the fresh snow. _____

② The last part of the course was hard because I was running **against** the wind. _____

③ The waves crashed **against** the rocks with tremendous force. _____

④ She leaned her head **against** the window and closed her eyes. _____

⑤ He voiced his strong opinions **against** animal cruelty in a public speech. _____

8. air

① She had an **air** of confidence. _____

② The television interview will be **aired** to all parts of the country. _____

③ Leave the windows open to let the room **air** a bit. _____

9. appetite

① He suffered from headaches and loss of **appetite**. _____

② She has an amazing **appetite** for knowledge. _____

熟词生义练 2

指出下列黑体词在句中的不同含义

1. approach

①[2023·浙江1月考] InSPIRE is investigating practical **approaches** to “low-impact” solar development, which focuses on establishing and operating solar farms in a way that is kinder to the land. _____

②[2021·天津卷] Human qualities also involve how you think, how you **approach** problems, and how you break them down. _____

③If you look out of the window on the left, you'll see that we're now **approaching** the Eiffel Tower. _____

2. average

①[2023·新高考全国I卷] The **averages** from these groups were more accurate than those from an equal number of independent individuals. _____

②[2023·全国乙卷] The Chinese coach transformed Douglas into one of the best gymnasts in the world, helping her skyrocket from an **average** member of the national team to the top of the sport. _____

3. back

①[2023·全国乙卷] Several studies have **backed** this up and found that indoor plants can improve creativity, focus and memory. _____

②Ann gave up driving when she **backed** the car into the garage door. _____

4. badly

①They were taking a **badly** damaged boat from the Virgin Islands to Miami to have it repaired. _____

②The house was considerably out of repair and **badly** in need of painting. _____

5. balloon

[2023·新高考全国II卷] As cities **balloon** with growth, access to nature for people living in urban areas is becoming harder to find. _____

6. bear

①My mother couldn't **bear** waste—she always made us eat everything on our plates. _____

②At Christmas the family all arrive at the house **bearing** gifts. _____

③When his wife **bore** him a child, he could not hide

his delight. _____

④As the plants start to **bear** fruit, they will need a lot of water. _____

7. bill

①[2022·新高考全国II卷] If the Textalyzer **bill** becomes law, he said, “people are going to be more afraid to put their hands on the cellphone.” _____

②If this **bill** is not paid within five days, your gas supply will be cut off. _____

③He has been **billed** for not parking in the right place. _____

8. blank

①[2020·浙江7月考] We yelled at the bear, hit pots hard, and fired **blank** shotgun shells into the air. _____

②The stranger returned my greeting with a **blank** look. Obviously, he was puzzled by my sudden arrival. _____

9. block

①[2020·全国卷I] The moon's body **blocks** direct radio communication with a probe. _____

②His apartment is three **blocks** away from the police station. _____

10. blue

①Due to the low temperature, her hands were **blue** with cold. _____

②He wore a **blue** expression on his face, revealing the depths of his sadness and heartache. _____

11. boom

①The stillness of night was broken by the **boom** of fireworks. _____

②Since last year, the agriculture in this village has been **booming**. _____

12. branch

[2023·全国甲卷] Head Chef David Thompson, who received a Michelin star for his London-based Thai restaurant of the same name, opened this **branch** in the Metropolitan Hotel in 2010. _____

13. break

[2023·新高考全国II卷] Back downtown during a workday, they can enjoy a more domestic form of this interaction by walking along a fountain on their lunch **break**. _____

常见动词短语

1. account _____ (数量、比例上)占……;
是……的原因;解释;说明
2. accuse sb _____ (doing) sth
指责/控告某人(做)某事
3. add up to 总计为,共计为
add... to... 把……加到……中
4. agree _____ sth
同意;与……相符;(地方、经历等)适合
agree to sth 同意(安排、建议、计划等)
agree on sth 就……达成共识
5. answer _____ sth = be responsible for sth
对……负责
6. apologize to sb for doing sth
为做……向某人道歉
7. appeal to sb to do sth 呼吁某人做某事
appeal to sb 吸引某人,使某人感兴趣
8. apply _____ 申请,请求
apply... to... 把……运用于……
9. approve _____ sb/sth 赞成/同意……
10. arrive at/come to/draw/reach a conclusion
得出结论
11. attend to 照料,处理
12. attract/draw/catch/hold the attention of...
吸引……的注意
13. base sth on/upon sth 以……为基础(或根据)
14. bear... _____ mind
记住……;把……记在心里
15. begin with sth 从……开始
16. behave oneself 举止规矩;表现得体
17. believe it or not 信不信由你
18. belong to 属于
19. benefit _____ sth 从……中受益
20. blow down 刮倒
blow out 吹灭
21. break away (from) 脱离;离开
break _____ 破坏;分解
break into 强行闯入
break in(通常指盗贼)进入;打断
break _____ 突然爆发

- break _____ 取得突破
- break up 终止,结束;打碎
- break the habit of 改掉……的习惯
22. break the _____ 打破沉默
break one's heart 使某人伤心
break one's _____ 食言
23. bring _____ 导致;引起
bring forward
提议;将(……的日期或时间)提前
bring out 使显现;生产;出版
bring _____ 抚养;养育
24. bring... to _____
使……更有趣;使……更生动
bring... to light 将……曝光;揭露……
25. build up 逐步增加;增强
26. burn _____ 烧毁;(使)烧成平地
burn out 烧尽
27. burst _____ 突然……起来
burst out 大声喊叫;突然……起来
28. bury oneself in = _____
埋头于,专心致志于
29. call _____ 要求;需要
call _____ 取消
call on/upon 访问,拜访;号召,呼吁
call at 停靠;(短时间)停留
call up 使想起;打电话给……
30. calm _____
(使)平静下来;(使)镇静下来
31. care for 照顾,照料;喜欢
care about 在乎;关心
32. carry _____ 贯彻;执行;实行
carry on 继续进行;开展
33. catch up with 赶上
34. catch _____ of 看见
catch/get/take (a) hold of
抓住;拿着;握住
35. catch a cold 伤风,感冒
36. catch fire 着火
37. check _____ 登记;报到
check out 结账离开;核实

38. cheer _____
(使)振作起来;(使)高兴起来

39. clear away 把……清除
clear _____ (天气)转晴;清理;解决

40. come about 发生;产生
come _____ 偶然遇到;碰见
come out 出版;出现;结果是
come up 发生;被提及
come up with 想出;提出

41. come into _____ 开始存在;产生
come into sight/view 进入视线;映入眼帘
come into use 开始使用

42. come to _____ 苏醒过来;变得活跃
come to light 显露;暴露
come to a decision/a _____ /an agreement
做出决定/得出结论/达成协议
come to a stop 停止

43. come _____ 实现;成为现实

44. communicate with... 与……交流

45. compare... with... 把……与……相比
compare A to B 把 A 比作 B
compare notes with sb 与某人交换意见

46. concentrate on 全神贯注于

47. consist _____ ...
由……组成;由……构成
consist in 在于;存在于

48. contribute _____ 贡献;捐献;撰稿

49. count _____ 指望;依靠;依赖

50. cut away 去掉
cut _____ 削减
cut _____ 打断,中断
cut in 插嘴,打断
cut out 删掉

51. depend _____ 依靠,依赖

52. devote... to... 献身;致力;专心

53. desire to do sth 渴望做某事

54. die down 逐渐变弱;逐渐平息
die off 相继死去
die _____ 消失;灭绝

55. differ from 与……不同

56. do _____ (to) (对……)有好处
do harm to/do... harm 伤害……;对……有害
do sb good 对某人有好处
do sb _____ 冤枉某人

57. draw a conclusion from sth 从某事中得出结论

draw near/closer 靠近,接近

58. drop in 顺便拜访

59. earn a/one's _____ 谋生

60. end _____ 最终成为,结果
end in... 以……告终

61. enter _____ 报名参加

62. equip... _____ ... 用……装备……

63. fade away 逐渐消失
fade out 渐弱;淡出

64. fall behind 跟不上;落在……后面
fall down 倒塌;跌倒
fall _____ 从……掉下;跌落

65. fall/get into the/a habit of
沾染上……的习惯
fall/get/run into _____ 负债
form/develop/have the/a habit of
养成……的习惯

66. feed _____ 以……为食

67. fight back 反击;回击

68. figure _____ 计算出;弄清楚;弄明白

69. find out 发现;查明

70. fit in (with) 与……合得来;适应

71. fix... on/upon 集中……于

72. _____ on/upon 聚焦于……

73. get along/on with 进展;相处融洽
get away (from) 逃脱,离开
get _____ 使被理解;把……讲清楚
get _____ /around
走动;(消息等)传开
get down to (doing) sth 开始/着手认真(做)某事
get in 进入;收割
get _____ 下车;离开
get on 上车、马等;进步
get over 克服困难;从(疾病、损失等)中恢复过来
get _____ 到达;(打电话时)打通;(使)通过;
(使)熬过
get to 到达;开始
get up 起床;起立

74. give _____ 赠送;丧失(优势);泄露
give in 屈服,让步;上交
give _____ 发出(气味、光、热等)
give out 分发;放出;耗尽
give up 认输;放弃

75. give sb a _____ 让某人搭车

76. give way _____ 让步于;屈服于